POZNAN UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY



EUROPEAN CREDIT TRANSFER AND ACCUMULATION SYSTEM (ECTS)

COURSE DESCRIPTION CARD - SYLLABUS

Course name Inventory management [S1Log2>ZZ]

| Course | | | |
|--|------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|
| Field of study Logistics | | Year/Semester 1/2 | |
| Area of study (specialization) | | Profile of study general academic | |
| Level of study first-cycle | | Course offered in Polish | |
| Form of study full-time | | Requirements compulsory | |
| Number of hours | | | |
| Lecture 30 | Laboratory classe 0 | es (| Other (e.g. online) |
| Tutorials 15 | Projects/seminars 0 | 6 | |
| Number of credit points 4,00 | | | |
| Coordinators | | Lecturers | |
| dr hab. inż. Piotr Cyplik prof. PP piotr.cyplik@put.poznan.pl | | | |

Prerequisites

The student knows the basic logistical issues such as functional separation of logistics, nature customer service, the nature of transport and storage logistics. Student is able to calculate a simple task with the content. He can use statistical formulas such as the mean and statistical deviation.

Course objective

The course aims are to familiarize students with the most important problems of inventory management in terms of independent demand and training in operational decision-making skills for reordering stock.

Course-related learning outcomes

Knowledge:

1. Student has a basic knowledge of inventory management [P6S_WG_05] [P6S_WK_06]

2. Student is able to identify and formulate the basic relationship between inventory and, storage, transport and other functional areas of logistics [P6S_WK_04]

3. The student knows the methods of stock renewal and their impact on the supply chains management [P6S_WK_05]

Skills:

1. Student can design a process to analyze the efficiency of inventory management [P6S UW 06][P6S UK 02]

2. Student is able to define the problem of renewal of stocks in terms of demand independent [P6S_UW_01][P6S_UW_03][P6S_UO_01]

Students can use a spreadsheet with a simple algorithm to design a reordering of stocks [P6S UK 01][P6S UU 01]

Social competences:

1. Student shows a willingness to cooperate and assist in the design group [P6S KR 02]

The student is responsible for the identification and resolution of the dilemmas associated with inventory management [P6S KR 01]

3. Student is determined to think in an entrepreneurial way of inventory management [P6S KO 02]

Methods for verifying learning outcomes and assessment criteria

Learning outcomes presented above are verified as follows:

Lecture: On the basis of exam - written work or oral examination on the issues discussed during the lecture. The exam can be applied after obtaining the ratings of the project and the laboratory. The exam is passed, after giving the correct answers to most questions.

Tutorials: on the basis of the quality of the project and answers to questions about the project.

Programme content

The essence and importance of warehouse inventories in logistics processes. Classification methods and inventory structure. Cost aspects of inventory management. Inventory management models to cover dependent and independent demand. Inventory management of product groups. Demand forecasting as an element of inventory management.

Course topics

Lecture: The issue of course includes the following topics: functions of inventory in logistic systems (includes implementation of VMI process), classification of inventory, the structure of supply (inventory cycle, safety, surplus - identifies causes for stock obsolescence and redundancy and propose ways for minimizing this), the basic elements of inventory management to cover the needs of dependent and independent (includes push/pull logic, lead time definition, product cycle vs. level of inventory management), the costs of rising, maintenance and lack of supply, demand analysis (includes method of improves the demand management process), demand forecasting (forecasting process), definitions of customer service (CS in the demand management process), developing supply security, reordering systems inventory (optimize level of inventory), optimize inventory turnover (volume of deliveries), the square root law (safety stocks in the dispersion of stock), inventory management of product groups (includes CPFR method), measures of stock (KPI in inventory management).

Tutorials: Case study and the use of a spreadsheet to build classic models of replenishment of inventories, determining the level of safety stock and assessment of the inventory structure, practical exercises in the field of building the ABC / XYZ / 123 classification.

Teaching methods

Lectures: conversational lecture, information lecture. Tutorials: computer simulation method, project method.

Bibliography

Basic:

1. Cyplik P., Hadaś Ł., Zarządzanie zapasami w łańcuchu dostaw, Wydawnictwo Politechniki Poznańskiej, Poznań, 2012.

2. Krzyżaniak S., Podstawy zarządzania zapasami w przykładach, ILiM, Poznań, 2008.

3. Sarjusz-Wolski Z., Sterowanie zapasami w przedsiębiorstwie, PWE, Warszawa, 2000.

4. Cyplik P., AN APPLICATION OF SPARE SUPPLIES MANAGEMENT FOR WAREHOUSE SUPPLIES

OPTIMIZATION USING CLASSICAL METHODS - CASE STUDY, Logforum 1.3 (2005): 4.

5. Cyplik P., Hadaś Ł., Domański R., Implementation of the theory of constraints in the area of stock

management within the supply chain - a case study, LogForum, Vol. 5, Issue 3, No 6,2009, https://www.logforum.net/pdf/5_3_6_09.pdf

Additional:

1. Coyle J. J., Bardi E. I., Langley J. Jr., Zarządzanie logistyczne, PWE, Warszawa, 2002.

2. Krzyżaniak S., Cyplik P., Zapasy i magazynowanie, Tom I Zapasy, Podręcznik do kształcenia w zawodzie technik logistyk, ILiM, Poznań, 2007.

3. Domański R., Adamczak M., Analysis of the influence of the lot sizing on the efficiency of material flow in the supply chain, LogForum 13 (3) 2017, https://www.logforum.net/pdf/13_3_8_17.pdf

Breakdown of average student's workload

| | Hours | ECTS |
|--|-------|------|
| Total workload | 100 | 4,00 |
| Classes requiring direct contact with the teacher | 47 | 2,00 |
| Student's own work (literature studies, preparation for laboratory classes/ tutorials, preparation for tests/exam, project preparation) | 53 | 2,00 |